Michigan Department of Treasury 496 (02/06) **Auditing Procedures Report**Issued under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended and P.A. 71 of 1919, as amended.

			Of 1900, as afficiated an		, as amended				Ta
Local Unit of Government Type			W.C.	Local Unit Nan			County		
		XOther	Farmingto	n Community Library	d to S to -t-	Genesee			
Fiscal Year End Opinion Date 6/30/06 8/25/06			Opinion Date 8/25/06			Date Audit Report Submitted	to S Cate		
We a	ffirm	that:							
We a	re ce	rtifie	d public accountants	s licensed to p	ractice in I	Michigan.			
			m the following mat etter (report of com				osed in the financial statem	ents , inclu	ding the notes, or in the
	YES	9	Check each applic	ach applicable box below. (See instructions for further detail.)					
1.	X		All required compo reporting entity not					ancia I state	ements and/or disclosed in the
2.	×						unit's unreserved fund bala budget for expenditures	ance s/unre	estricted net assets
3.	X		The local unit is in	compliance w	ith the Unit	form Chart of	Accounts issued by the De	part ment	of Treasury.
4.	\boxtimes		The local unit has	adopted a bud	lget for all	required funds	5 .		
5.	×		A public hearing or	n the budget v	vas held in	accordance v	vith State statute.		
6.	×		The local unit has other guidance as					e E m erger	cy Municipal Loan Act, or
7.	×		The local unit has	not been delir	quent in di	istributing tax	revenues that were collect	ted for ano	ther taxing unit.
8.	×		The local unit only	holds deposit	s/investme	ents that comp	ly with statutory requireme	ents.	
9.	×						s that came to our attention sed (see Appendix H of Bu		ed in the <i>Bulletin for</i>
10.	X		that have not been	previously co	mmunicate	ed to the Loca			during the course of our audit . If there is such activity that ha
11.	×		The local unit is fre	ee of repeated	comments	s from previou	s years.		
12.	X		The audit opinion i	s UNQUALIF	IED.				
13.	X		The local unit has accepted accounti			or GASB 34 a	as modified by MCGAA Sta	atem ent #7	and other generally
14.	X		The board or coun	cil approves a	all invoices	prior to paym	ent as required by charter	or st atute	
15.	X		To our knowledge	, bank reconc	liations tha	at were review	ed were performed timely	•	
If a local unit of government (authorities and commissions included) is operating within the boundaries of the audited entity and is not included in this or any other audit report, nor do they obtain a stand-alone audit, please enclose the name(s), address(es), and a description(s) of the authority and/or commission. I, the undersigned, certify that this statement is complete and accurate in all respects.									
We	hav	e en	closed the following	ng:	Enclose	ed Not Requi	red (enter a brief justification))	
Financial Statements						·			
Th	The letter of Comments and Recommendations								
Other (Describe)									
Cer	tified f	ublic	Accountant (Firm Name)				Telephone Number		
Plante & Moran, PLLC					(810) 767-5350				
1	et Ad		urt Street, Suite 1	A			City Flint	State M1	Zip 48502
				Printed Name	1		Number		
Todd Harbur					1	01/13/			

Annual Financial Report Farmington Community Library For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

with Independent Auditors' Report

Farmington Community Library, Michigan Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

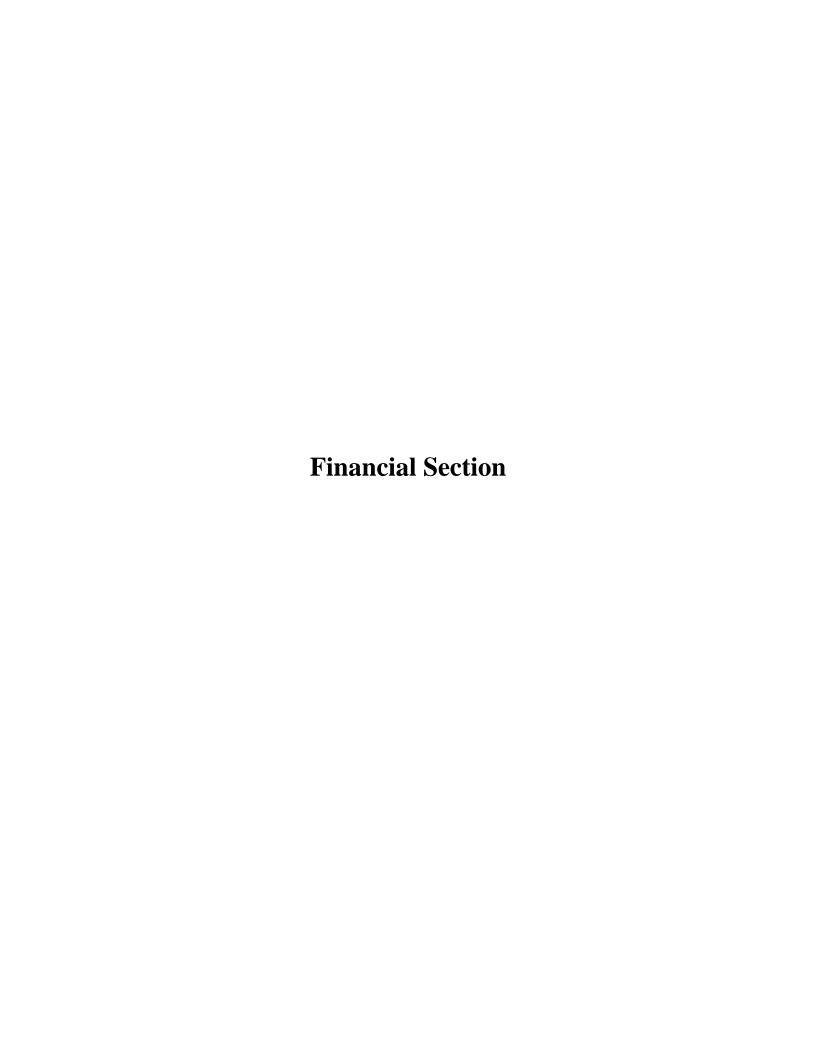
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Farmington Community Library, Michigan Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

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Suite 1A 111 E. Court St. Flint, MI 48502 Tel: 810.767.5350 Fax: 810.767.8150 plantemoran.com

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Trustees of Farmington Community Library:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Farmington Community Library, Michigan (Library) as of June 30, 2006, and for the year then ended, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Library's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph, present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Farmington Community Library, Michigan at June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and the cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and the budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 8, and 34 through 35 are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. For the management's discussion and analysis, we have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

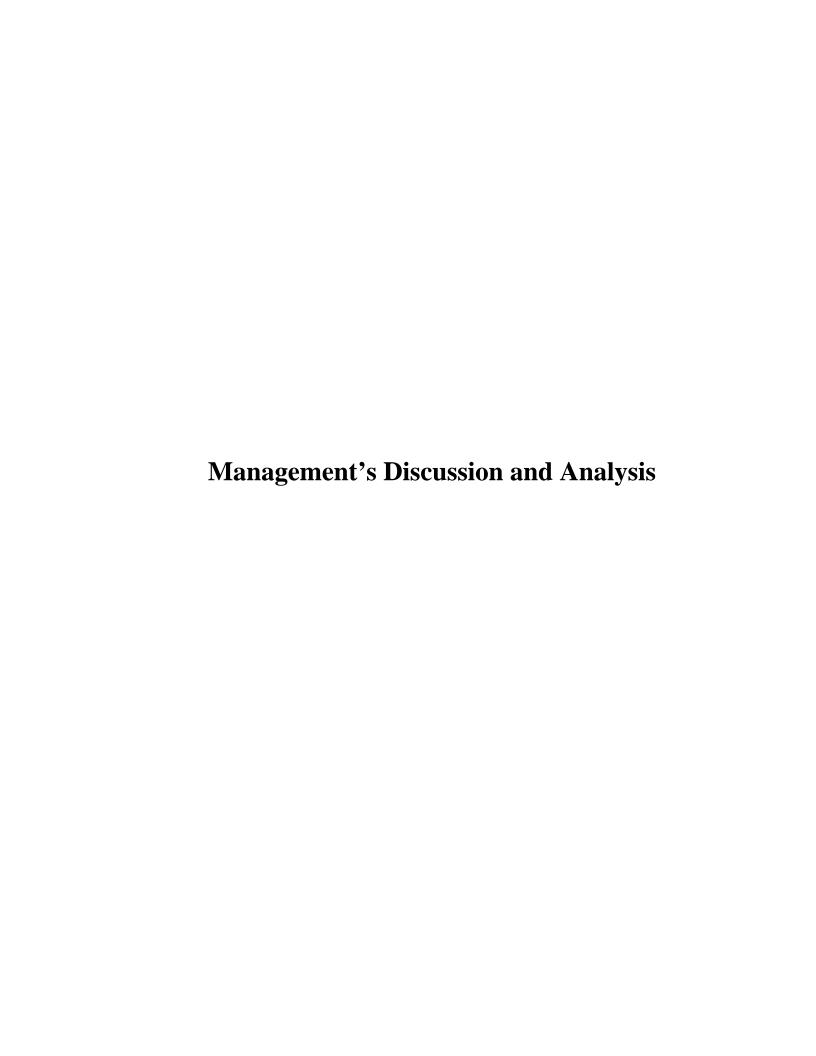
The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.



Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Farmington Community Library's basic financial statements. The introductory section and combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

August 25, 2006

Plante & Moran, PLLC



Farmington Community Library Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of Farmington Community Library annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Library's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2006. Please read it in conjunction with the Library's financial statements, which follow this section.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No.34

Farmington Community Library has prepared this report in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 reporting requirement. Known as GASB 34, the new reporting requirement includes this letter, provides a comparative analysis between the current-year and prior-year financial information. The following information presents a comparative analysis of key elements of the total governmental funds and the total enterprise funds.

Financial Highlights

- The Library's total assets are \$17.4 million and net assets amounted to \$9.3 million.
- During the year, the Library's governmental revenues generated in taxes, City shared revenues, and other revenues were \$1,227,030 greater than expenses for Library operations.
- General fund revenues exceeded expenditures by \$1,006,078 plus \$726,430 in net other financing sources created a total fund balance of \$1,851,701 in the General Fund.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of four parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and an optional section that presents combining statements for non-major governmental funds. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Library:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the Library's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the Library government, reporting the Library's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
 - * The governmental fund statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
 - * Unlike other governmental entities, the library has no activities requiring Proprietary fund statements.
 - * Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the Library acts as an agent that administers the fund for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. In addition to these required elements, we have included a section with combining statements that provide details about our non-major governmental funds, each of which are added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements.

Table 1 summarizes the major features of the Library's financial statements, including the portion of the Library government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Table 1 Major Features of Farmington Community Library Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements Fund Statements

Type o <u>f</u>	Government-wide	Governmental Funds		
<u>Statements</u>				
Scope	Entire Library government (except	The activities of the Library that are not proprietary		
	fiduciary funds)	or fiduciary in nature		
Required financial	Statement of net assets	Balance sheet		
statements	Statement of activities	• Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes		
		in fund balances		
Accounting basis and	Accrual accounting and economic	Modified accrual accounting and current financial		
measurement focus	resources focus	resources focus		
Type of asset/liability	All assets and liabilities, both	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities		
information	financial and capital, short-term and	that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no		
	long-term	capital assets included		
Type of	All revenues and expenses during	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon		
inflow/outflow	year, regardless of when cash is	after the end of the year, expenditures when goods		
information	received or paid	or services have been received and payment is due		
		during the year or soon thereafter		

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the Library as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the Library's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets – the difference between the Library's assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the Library's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the Library's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the Library you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the Library's property tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the Library are classified into the following category:

• Governmental activities – The Library's basic services are included here. Property taxes and state grants finance most of these activities.

Farmington Community Library's Condensed Balance Sheet

	Governmental Activities 2006	Governmental Activities 2005
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 2,600,975 _14,815,579	\$ 1,530,034
Total assets	<u>\$17,416,554</u>	\$17,001,458
Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities	\$ 305,114 <u>7,766,103</u>	\$ 232,487 <u>8,650,664</u>
Total liabilities	8,071,217	8,883,151
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	7,200,579	6,971,424
Unrestricted	2,144,758	1,146,883
Total net assets	9,345,337	8,118,307
Total liabilities and net assets	<u>\$17,416,554</u>	\$17,001,458

It can be seen that total net assets for the Library increased \$1,227,030 during 2006. Most of the increase is due to operating revenues over expenditures during the year.

Governmental Statement of Activities

	Governmental		Go	vernmental
	Activities		1	Activities
		2006		2005
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	206,188	\$	195,281
Operating grants and contributions		122,549		124,277
Capital grants and contributions		-		-
General revenues:				
Property taxes		7,120,618		2,529,964
Shared revenues- cities		190,508		3,229,241
Other		134,019		31,925
Total revenues		7,773,882		6,110,688
Expenses:				
General government		6,205,690		5,000,994
Interest on long term debt		341,162		372,033
Total expenses		6,546,852		5,373,027
Increase (decrease) net assets		1,227,030		737,661
Net assets - beginning of year		8,118,307		7,380,646
Net assets - end of year	\$	9,345,337	\$	8,118,307

Total revenues increased \$1,663,194 mainly as a result of an increase in property taxes. Operating expenses for the Library increased from \$5,373,027 to \$6,546,852 due to expanded services allowed by additional resources provided by the newly approved property tax millage.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Library's most significant funds – not the Library as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the Library uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Library Board establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like the Employee Benefit Fund) or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The Library has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds Most of the Library's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Library's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information on the subsequent page that explains the relationship (or differences) between the two sets of statements.
- Fiduciary fund The Library maintains a fiduciary fund for the Metro Net Agency Activities.

Financial Analysis of the Library as a Whole

Changes in Net Assets:

The Library's combined net assets are \$9,345,337. In comparison, last year net assets were \$8,118,307, an increase of \$1,227,030. The increase was due primarily to general revenues exceeding operating expenses.

Governmental Activities:

The Library's total governmental activity expenses were \$6,546,852. There were charges for services and operating grants received of \$206,188 and \$122,549, respectively. General revenues consisted of property taxes (\$7,120,618), shared revenues (\$190,508) and investments earnings (\$134,019). These activities resulted in an increase in net assets of \$1,227,030, for a 15% increase.

Financial Analysis of the Library's Funds

As the Library completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$2,280,115. The fund balance is reserved for Endowment purposes in the amount of \$267,182, and is designated for capital improvements of \$139,089, and employee benefits of \$22,143, leaving undesignated fund balance of \$1,851,701.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Capital Assets

At the end of 2006, the Library had invested \$7,200,579 in capital assets, net of related debt. This amount complies with methods established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Long-term Debt

At year-end the Library had \$7,615,000 in bonds and notes outstanding for governmental activities.

Budgets

Increases in proposed expenditures in the final budget in the amount of \$432,632 or 6% over the original budget were approved.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Property tax revenue will continue to be strong as the surrounding areas continue to see growth.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.
- Financial stability for operating monies, the primary goal of the Trustee's strategic plan, was accomplished at a May 2005 election, with voter approval of a dedicated operating millage of 1 mill for 20 years. These library summer taxes were levied and collected beginning July 1, 2005, replacing the quarterly appropriations from the cities of Farmington and Farmington Hills. This is in addition to the .6 mill (.5856 with Headlee reduction) the Library levies each December, until 2013.

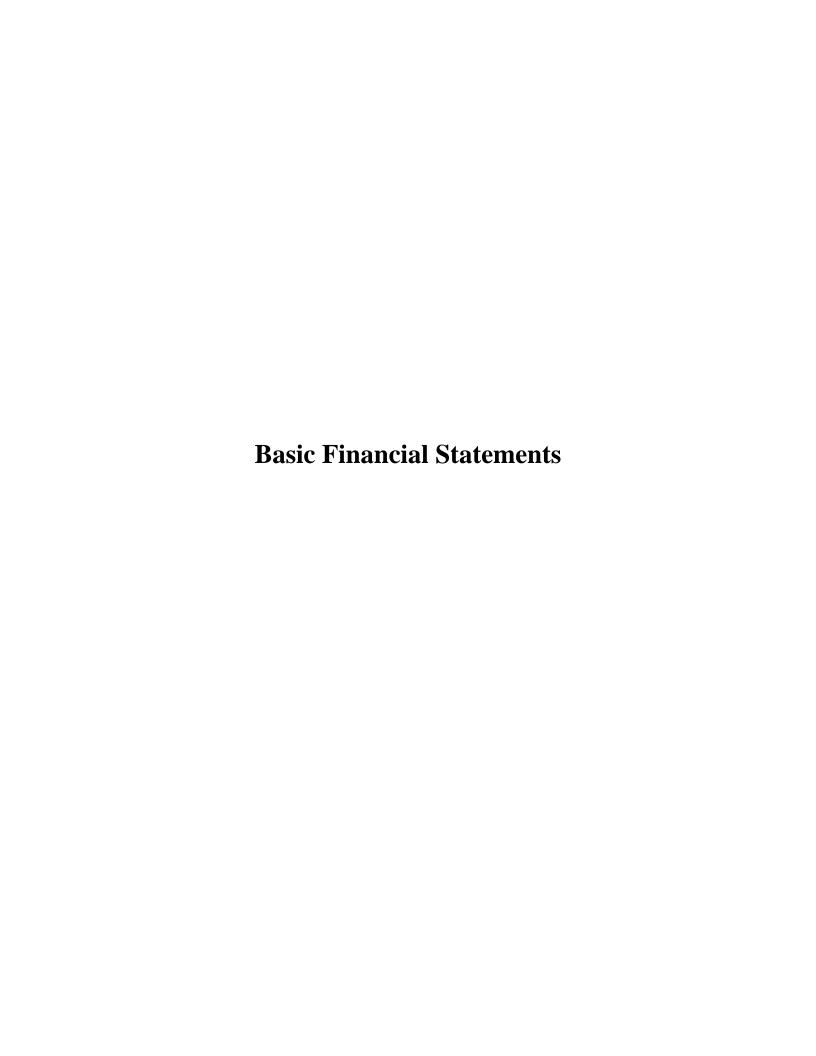
As a result, in fiscal year 2005-2006 the Library was able to move forward with the objectives outlined in the Farmington Community Library Strategic Plan 2005-2008, as follows:

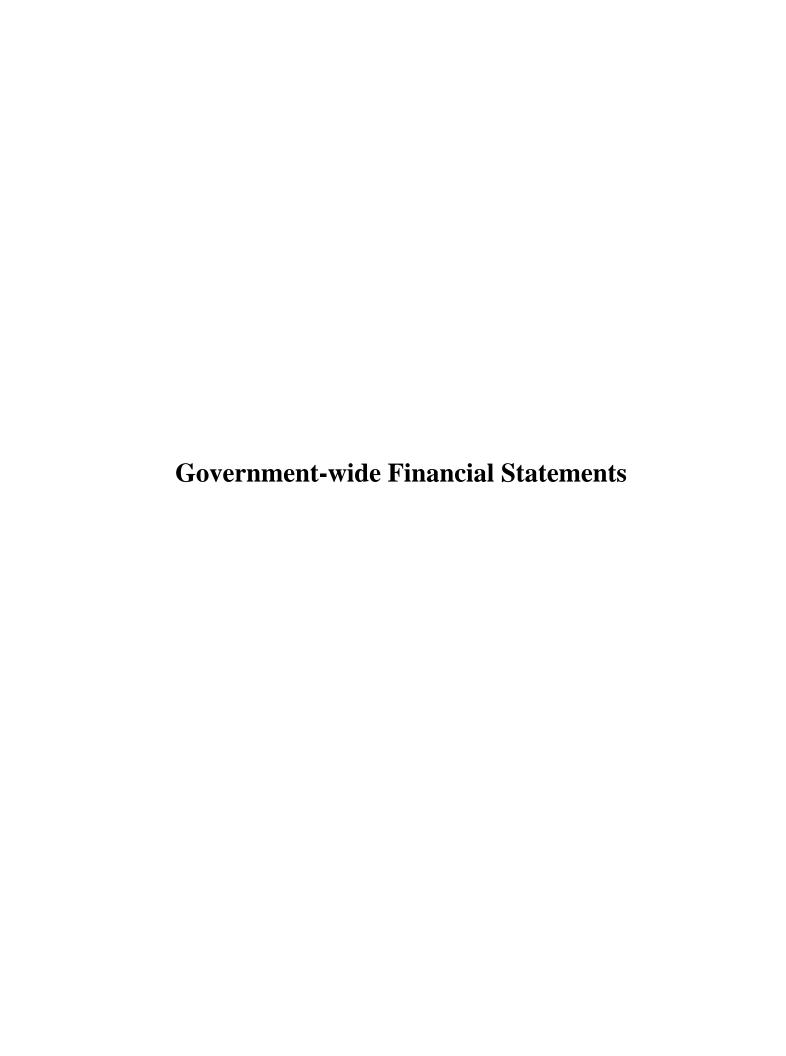
- Debt retirement of the \$13 million bond continues to be the first obligation of the library with priority payment.
- The fund balance was developed, as recommended by the auditor, to be at a minimum, 10% of operating funds to accommodate cash flow requirements, especially with the Library's financial independence from the cities.
- The Board established and contributed to a funding vehicle based on actuarial projections to offset the future liabilities related to fringe benefits to retirees, in compliance with GASB 34.
- The Board also designated funds for the Capital Reserve Fund to cover costs for future maintenance and replacement of buildings and equipment, including technology and automation.
- With the increased revenues the Library restored hours of operations and budgets for books and other
 materials; upgraded automation projects, including security and self-checkout stations, wireless Internet
 access; and completed numerous building improvements. The resulting fund balance was due, in part, to
 difficulties with the timing of bids and scheduling of work and orders to be completed within the fiscal
 year.

Budget preparation for 2006-2007 considered plans for a major upgrade to the integrated library circulation system including replacement of computers at both buildings. In addition, the Main Library requires paving the parking lots and replacing outdated electrical fixtures with more cost efficient units. The branch will require major structural repair and reconstruction of the east staff entrance area.

Requests for information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors and creditors with general overview of the Library's finances and to demonstrate the Library's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Library Director, 32737 West Twelve Mile Road, Farmington Hills, MI 48334-3302.





Farmington Community Library Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2006

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and equivalents	\$ 2,146,015
Investments	267,182
Accounts receivable	122,158
Prepaid items	49,874
Investment in joint venture	15,746
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	14,815,579
Total assets	\$ 17,416,554

(continued)

Farmington Community Library Statement of Net Assets (continued) June 30, 2006

	Governmental Activities	
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	221,676
Accrued liabilities		83,438
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Due within one year		930,000
Due in more than one year		6,836,103
Total liabilities		8,071,217
Net assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		7,200,579
Unrestricted		2,144,758
Total net assets		9,345,337
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	17,416,554

Farmington Community Library Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

				Program Revenues				
Functions\Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions			
Primary government	<u>-</u>							
Governmental activities:								
General government-library operations	\$	6,205,690	\$	206,188	\$	122,549		
Interest on long-term debt		341,162		-		-		
Total governmental activities	\$	6,546,852	\$	206,188	\$	122,549		

General revenues:

Property taxes - special millage Shared revenues Unrestricted investment earnings

Total general revenues

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning, as restated (Note 1)

Net assets - ending

Net (Expense)
Revenue and
Changes in
Net Assets

Governmental Activities

\$ (5,876,953) (341,162)

(6,218,115)

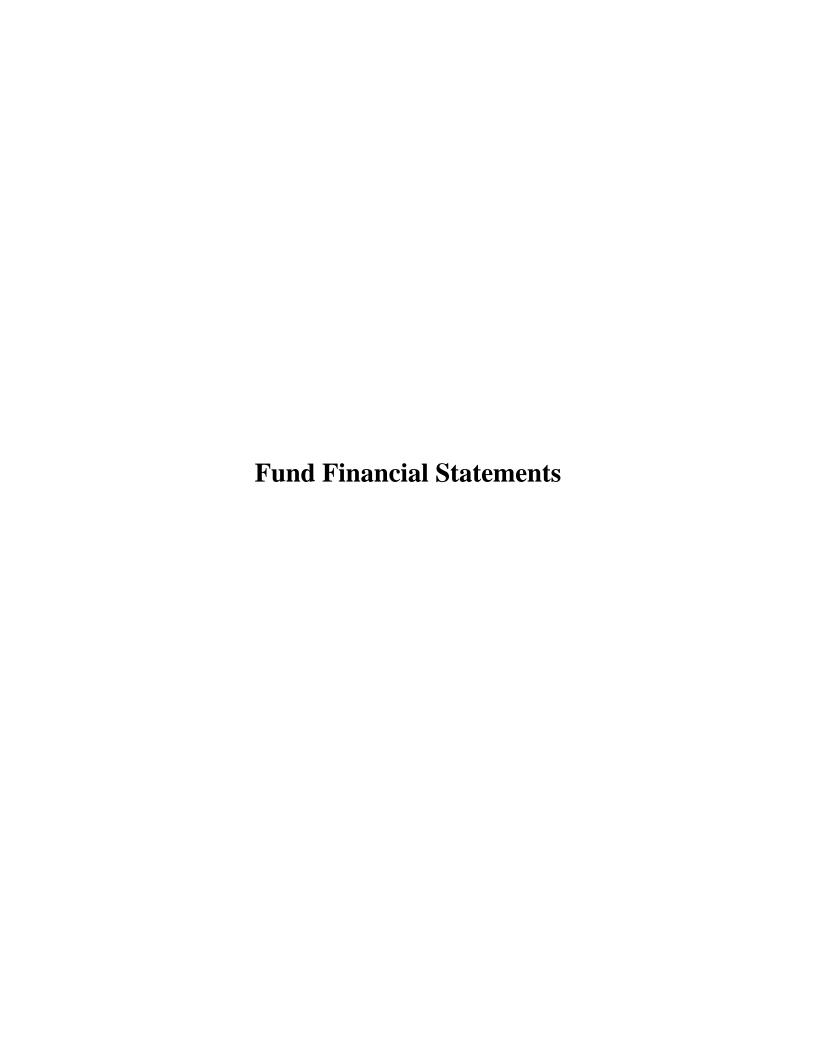
7,120,618 190,508 134,019

7,445,145

1,227,030

8,118,307

\$ 9,345,337



Farmington Community Library Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2006

		General		Millage Special Revenue		Endowment Permanent Fund	
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,984,783	\$	-	\$	-	
Investments		-		-		267,182	
Accounts receivable		122,158		-		-	
Prepaid expenses		49,874		-		_	
Total assets	\$	2,156,815	\$	-	\$	267,182	
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	221,676	\$	-	\$	-	
Accrued liabilities		81,438		-		-	
Deferred revenue		2,000		-		-	
Total liabilities		305,114		-		-	
Fund balances:							
Reserved for other purposes		-		-		267,182	
Unreserved reported in:							
Designated for capital improvements		-		-		-	
Designated for employee benefits		-		-		-	
Undesignated		1,851,701		-		-	
Total fund balances		1,851,701		-		267,182	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,156,815	\$		\$	267,182	
and fund barances	φ	2,130,013	Ψ		Ψ	207,102	

~	Other		
Gov	vernmental Funds		Total
\$	161,232	\$	2,146,015
Ψ	-	Ψ	267,182
	-		122,158
	-		49,874
\$	161,232	\$	2,585,229
\$	-	\$	221,676
	-		81,438
	-		2,000
	-		305,114
	-		267,182
	120.000		120.000
	139,089 22,143		139,089 22,143
	22,143 -		1,851,701
	161,232		2,280,115
	101,232		2,200,113
\$	161,232	\$	2,585,229

Farmington Community Library Reconciliation of the Fund Balance as Reported in the Governmental Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Total Governmental Funds Fund balance as reported in the Balance Sheet Governmental Funds	\$ 2,280,115
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	14,815,579
Investment in joint venture not included as an asset in the governmental funds	15,746
Long term liabilities, including long term notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported in the	
funds.	(7,766,103)
Net Assets - Governmental Activities	\$ 9,345,337

Farmington Community Library Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	General Fund	Millage Special Revenue	Endowment Permanent Fund
Revenues:			
Property taxes	\$ 7,120,618	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental revenues:			
State of Michigan	190,508	-	-
Memorials and gifts	120,549	-	-
Investment income	118,134	-	13,440
Grants	2,000	-	-
Fines	123,196	-	-
Other	87,322	-	-
Total revenues	7,762,327	-	13,440
Expenditures:			
General government:			
Salaries	2,384,228	-	-
Fringe benefits	1,060,315	-	-
Professional services	114,994	-	-
Utilities	253,967	-	-
Automation	48,803	-	-
Insurance	85,855	-	-
Repairs and maintenance	232,355	-	-
Gift fund purchase	94,106	-	-
Grants	1,969	-	-
Improved collections	-	-	-
Interest expense	-	-	-
Other	301,704	-	-
Metro Net	37,983	-	-
Capital outlay:			
Capital improvements	-	-	-
Equipment and furniture	913,808	-	-
Books, periodicals, and library materials Debt service:	913,000	-	-
Principal and interest retirement	1,226,162	_	-
Total expenditures	6,756,249	-	_
Excess (deficiency) of			
revenues over expenditures	1,006,078	-	13,440
Other financing sources (uses):			
Operating transfers in	843,930		_
Operating transfers out	(117,500)	(843,930) -
Total other financing sources (uses)	726,430	(843,930	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and	·		
other sources over expenditures			
and other uses	1,732,508	(843,930	13,440
Fund balance - beginning of year	119,193	843,930	253,742
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 1,851,701	\$ -	\$ 267,182
Notes to the financial statements are	. , . ,	<u> </u>	,

Gove	Other ernmental Funds	Total
\$	-	\$ 7,120,618
	_	190,508
	_	120,549
	2,445	134,019
	-	2,000
	-	123,196
	-	87,322
	2,445	7,778,212
	- 18,770 - - - - - - - - - -	2,384,228 1,079,085 114,994 253,967 48,803 85,855 232,355 94,106 1,969 - 301,704 37,983
	-	913,808
	-	1,226,162
	18,770	6,775,019
	(16,325)	1,003,193
	117,500	961,430 (961,430)
	117,500	
	101,175 60,057	1,003,193 1,276,922
\$	161,232	\$ 2,280,115
		. ,

Notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

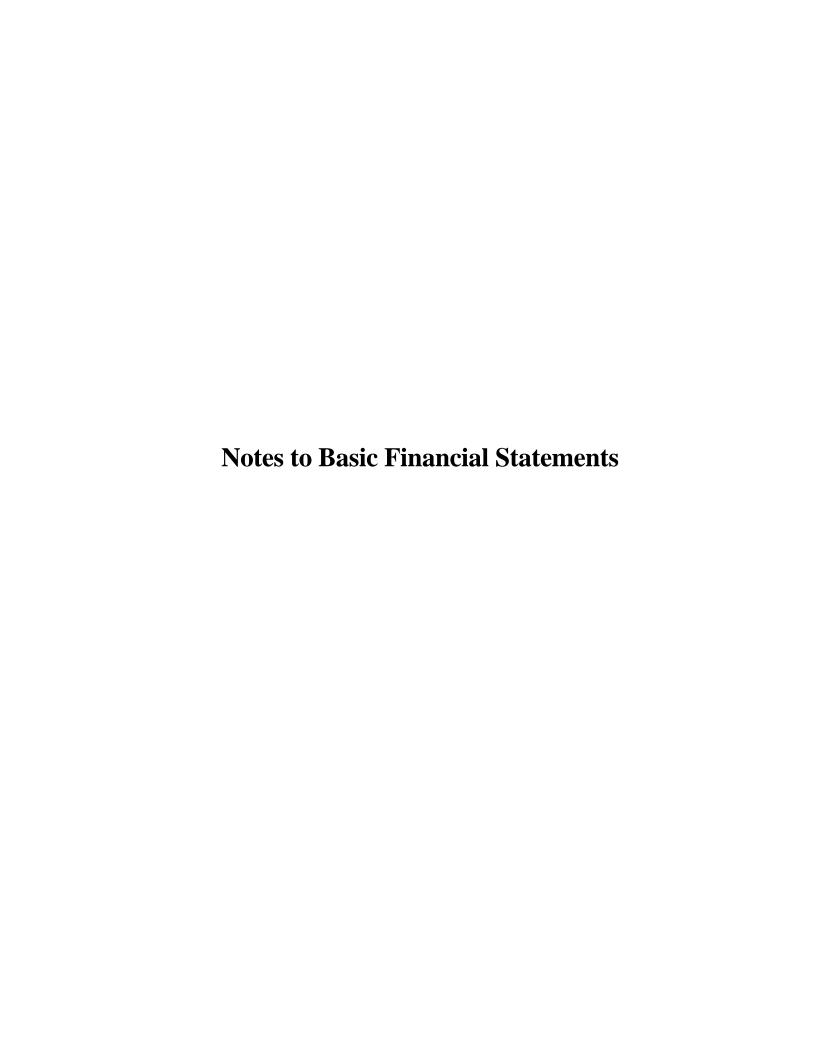
Farmington Community Library Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (page 9) are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 15)	\$ 1,003,193
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which	(577.017)
depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period	(655,845)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial	
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(4,330)
Investments in joint ventures not included in governmental funds	(988)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. This amount is the net effect	
of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items	885,000
	\$ 1,227,030

Farmington Community Library Balance Sheet Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2006

	Metro Net Agency
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 107,925 106,527
Total assets	\$ 214,452
Liabilities and Fund Balances	
Liabilities: Due to members	\$ 214,452



I. Summary of significant accounting policies

The accounting policies of the Farmington Community Library (the "Library") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by Farmington Community Library.

A. Reporting entity

The Farmington Community Library (the "Library") was established in 1956 and serves the Farmington communities through two libraries located in Farmington and Farmington Hills. The Library is governed by an eight-member Board of Trustees and an appointed Library Director. It provides resources for the informational, educational, cultural, and recreational needs of its patrons. The residents of both cities approved an independent tax millage in 2005 that allows the Library to no longer be dependent on subsidies from the Cities after the year ended June 30, 2005.

The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. There are no component units for the Library.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable. The Library currently does not have any business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct* expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The Library currently has no proprietary or enterprise funds.

I. Summary of significant accounting policies – (continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, licenses, and charges for services associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Millage Fund (closed out during fiscal year 2006) was used to report the Library's initial tax levy that was earmarked for Library development and to pay the debt service.

The Endowment Permanent Fund receives donations restricted as to use. Generally, only the interest can be used for Library operations. The Fund was created in 1992 by Board resolution.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds - These funds are used to account for specific governmental revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Fiduciary Fund – This fund, used to account for assets held in a trust or as an agent for others, includes the Metro Net Agency Fund.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

I. Summary of significant accounting policies – (continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation – (continued)

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes and interest income.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Library's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity

1. Deposits

The Library's cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

2. Investments:

Investments for the Library are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices. Certificates of deposit with a maturity date of greater than three months at time of purchase are recorded as investments on the financial statements.

3. Receivables and payables

In general, outstanding balance between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds", activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds."

All trade, notes, contracts, and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

4. Prepaid items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

5. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

I. Summary of significant accounting policies - (continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity - (continued)

5. Capital assets – (continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	15-39
Vehicles	5
Equipment and furniture	3-7

6. Employee vacation and sick leave

Library employees have a vested right to receive payment for unused vacation and sick leave under conditions specified in the personnel policy manual. All vacation and applicable sick leave is accrued when incurred at the government-wide. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only for employee terminations at year end.

7. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt, and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net assets.

- Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.
- The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Fund equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

9. Net Assets restatement

Net assets have been restated for governmental activities to correct prior year net capital assets to record the investment in books. Net assets was originally stated as \$7,535,425 at June 30, 2005 and has been restated as \$8,118,307.

10. Permanent endowment

Generally, only the interest in the endowment permanent fund for which restricted donations have been received can be used for Library projects as periodically determined by the Library Board. Currently, the entire net assets are shown as "restricted for other purposes."

I. Summary of significant accounting policies - (continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity - (continued)

11. Property taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of December 31 each year. Library taxes, levied and immediately due July 1, are collected by the Cities of Farmington and Farmington Hills without penalty through September 15, and with penalty thereafter. Library property tax revenues are recognized as revenues in the fiscal year levied to the extent that they are budgeted and available for the financing of operations.

The 2005 total taxable valuation for the Farmington and Farmington Hills communities totaled \$4.489 billion (a portion of which is abated and a portion of which is captured by the DDA and TIFA), on which taxes levied consisted of 1.5856 mills for operating purposes. One mill expires in the year 2024 while .5856 mills expire in 2013. The amounts levied resulted in \$7,157,380 which is recognized in the general fund.

II. Reconciliation of government-wide and fund financial statements

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmentwide statement of net assets

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance -total governmental funds* and *net assets -governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

Bonds and notes payable	\$7,615,000
Compensated absences	151,103
Net adjustment to reduce <i>fund balance -total governmental funds</i> to arrive at <i>net assets -governmental activities</i>	\$7,766,103

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances -total governmental funds* and *changes in net assets of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated use-full lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 293,549
Depreciation expense – net	(949,394)
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances -	
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets	
of governmental activities	\$(655,845)

III. Stewardship, compliance, and accountability

A. Budgetary information

The Library employs the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- In March, the Library Director submits to the Board of Trustees, a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Appropriations are made on an object (line-item) basis.
- The budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board of Trustees.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and individual Special Revenue Funds.
- Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Budget amounts included in the financial statements are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board during the year. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the line item level. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations. Appropriations unused at June 30 are not carried forward to the following year.

IV. Detailed notes on all funds

A. Deposits and investments

Michigan Compiled Laws section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended), authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan association that have offices in Michigan. The Library is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivision, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The Endowment Permanent Fund is also authorized by Michigan Public Act 157 of 1976 and the Endowment Fund Policy, as amended, to invest in:

- Cash
- bonds, bills or notes of the United States; obligations, the principal of and interest on which are fully guaranteed by the United States; obligations of the State of Michigan; or securities issued or guaranteed by agencies or instrumentalities of the United States Government.
- Commercial paper rate A₁/P_z, bankers acceptances, certificates of deposit and United States Governmental repurchase agreements.
- Mutual funds composed of stocks, bonds, debentures and other securities of profit or nonprofit corporations
 and those investment vehicles which are guaranteed by agencies or instrumentalities of the United States
 Government.

IV. Detailed notes on all funds – (continued)

A. Deposits and investments – (continued)

The Library has designated four financial institutions for the deposit of it's funds. The investment policy adopted by the Board in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in all of the above mentioned investment vehicles. The Library's deposits and investment policies are in accordance with statutory authority.

The Library's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial credit risk of bank deposits:

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Library does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the Library had \$44,814 of bank deposits (certificates of deposit, checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The Library believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the Library evaluates each financial institution it deposits funds with and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Custodial credit risk of investments:

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Library will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Library does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the following investment securities were uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the Library's name:

Type of Investment	Carrying Value	How Held
Governmental security money market		
mutual funds	\$2,110,061	Counterparty
Stock mutual fund (endowment)	119,699	Counterparty's trust department

Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The Library's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities, other than commercial paper which can only be purchased with a 270 day maturity. At year end, the average maturities of investments are as follows:

Investment	Carrying Value	Weighted Average Maturity
U.S. government or agency bond or note pool	\$ 38,920	Not available

IV. Detailed notes on all funds – (continued)

A. Deposits and investments – (continued)

Concentration of credit risk:

The Library places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. None of the Library's investments are concentrated in any one issuer more than 5 percent.

B. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance (Restated)	Reclass- ifcations	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Artwork	\$ 7,000	\$ 182,695	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 189,695
Land	138,052	-	-	-	138,052
Total capital assets, not					
being depreciated	145,052	182,695			327,747
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and sites	16,630,375	-	=	=	16,630,375
Furniture and equipment	2,490,351	(182,695)	188,374	(99,975)	2,396,055
Books	1,278,669	-	105,175	-	1,383,844
Vehicles	57,294	-	-	_	57,294
Total capital assets being depreciated	20,456,689	(182,695)	293,549	(99,975)	20,467,568
Less accumulated depreciation	5,130,317	-	894,170	(44,751)	5,979,736
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	15,326,372	(182,695)	(600,621)	(55,224)	14,487,832
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$15,471,424	\$ -0-	\$(600,621)	\$ (55,224)	\$14,815,579

C. Interfund receivables, payables, and transfers

	Trans	ter In
	Non-major	General
	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Fund</u>
Transfer out:		
General Fund	\$117,500	\$ -
Millage Fund	-	843,930

Transfer between funds was primarily for operating purposes.

D. Long-term debt

The government issues bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. The tax levy is used to liquidate the long-term debt. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government.

IV. Detailed notes on all funds – (continued)

D. Long-term debt – (continued)

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 can be summarized as follows:

	General Obligation Bonds	Accumulated Annual and Sick Pay	<u>Total</u>
Governmental activities: Debt at July 1, 2005	\$8,500,000	\$150,664	\$8,650,664
Principal payments made	(885,000)	-	(885,000)
Net change – sick pay	-	439	439
Total governmental activities long-term debt	\$7,615,000	\$151,103	\$7,766,103

Governmental activities:	Final Payment <u>Due</u>	Interest Rate or <u>Range</u>	Original Amount of <u>Issue</u>	Balance at June 30, 2005	Issuances (Retirements) During Year
1998 Library Building and Site Bonds 2003 Library Building	2013	3.5-4.4%	\$12,000,000	\$7,600,000	\$(795,000)
and Site Bonds	2013	1.5-3.1	1,050,000	900,000	(90,000)
Accrued annual and sick pay				150,664	439
Total governmental activities				\$8,650,664	\$(884,561)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above obligations are as follows:

Year End	Government	al Activities
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2007	\$ 930,000	\$ 308,012
2008	980,000	272,714
2009	1,030,000	235,308
2010	1,085,000	194,916
2011	1,140,000	151,072
2012-2013	2,450,000	158,144
Total	\$7,615,000	\$1,320,166

Balance at	Due Within
June 30,	One
<u>2006</u>	<u>Year</u>
\$6,805,000	\$835,000
810,000	95,000
151,103	
\$7,766,103	\$930,000

V. Other information

A. Retirement plans

The Library has two retirement plans in existence. One is a defined benefit plan and the other is a defined contribution plan. Each are described in the following note.

1. Defined benefit plan:

The Farmington Community Library participates in the Michigan Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) which is an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS) that is administered by Michigan Employees Retirement System (an independent not-for-profit organization). The MERS was organized pursuant to Act No. 427, Public Acts of 1984, as amended, and the Constitution of the State of Michigan. The plan is included in the annual report of MERS which can be obtained from the offices of MERS in Lansing Michigan. The Library has no fiduciary responsibility for the plan.

All regular employees of the Library hired before July 15, 1999 and working 80 hours or more per month are eligible to participate in the plan. As of December 31, 2005, the Library had 22 covered employees, 2 inactive vested members, and 20 retirees and beneficiaries. Total and covered payrolls for the year ended June 30, 2006, were \$996,425 and \$988,763, respectively.

The plan provides for vesting of benefits after 10 years of service. Participants may elect normal retirement at age 60 with 10 or more years of service. The plan also provides for early retirement at age 55 with 25 or more years of service. Election of early retirement is subject to reduction of benefits as outlined below.

Participants are entitled to a retirement benefit equal to the credited service at the time of membership termination multiplied by 2.0%, of the member's final average compensation (F.A.C.). The retirement allowance is reduced 1/2% of 1% for each complete month that retirement precedes the age at which full normal retirement benefits are available.

Defined benefit contributions:

The plan provides that the employer/employees contribute amounts necessary to fund the actuarially determined benefits. Employees are required to contribute five percent of salary to the plan. The Library makes employer contributions in accordance with funding requirements determined by MERS' actuary. Benefit provisions and contribution obligations have been established by the contract.

V. Other information – (continued)

A. Retirement plans – (continued)

1. Defined benefit plan: - (continued)

Actuarial assumptions:

The significant actuarial assumptions used to compute the actuarial accrued liabilities are as follows:

Library

Actuarial valuation date	December 31, 2005
Actuarial cost method	Entry age – Normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll
Remaining amortization period (weighted)	23/10 years depending on group
Asset valuation method	(1)
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	8.0
Projected salary increase	(2)

- (1) 10 year smoothed market
- (2) 4.5% wage inflation plus a percentage based on an age-related scale to reflect merit, longevity, and promotional salary increases. The range of the percentages are from 12.9% for a 20 year-old participant to 4.5% for a 60 year-old participant.

Retirement plan - defined benefit - Michigan Municipal Employee Retirement System:

Annual pension cost

The Library's Annual Required Contribution (ARC) and Annual Pension Cost (APC) for the year ended June 30, 2006 was \$96,324. All employer contributions made were equal to required contributions by MERS. There was no accumulated Net Pension Obligation (NPO) at June 30, 2006. The Annual Pension Cost (APC), percentage of APC contributed, and Net Pension Obligation (NPO) for the year ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 are summarized as follows:

Plan	Actuarial	Annual	% of APC Contributed	Net
Year	Valuation	Pension		Pension
<u>End</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Cost (APC)</u>		<u>Obligation</u>
6/30/04	12/31/03	\$ 63,117	100.0	\$ -
6/30/05	12/31/04	99,049	100.0	-
6/30/06	12/31/05	96,324	100.0	

V. Other information – (continued)

A. Retirement plans – (continued)

1. Defined benefit plan: - (continued)

Pension Plan Schedule of Funding Progress

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4) Unfunded	(5)	(6) UAAL
Actuarial	Actuarial			(Funding Excess)	Annual	as % of
Valuation	Value of	Actuarial	Percent	AAL	Covered	Covered
Date	Plan	Accrued	Funded	(UAAL)	(Valuation)	Payroll
12/31	<u>Assets</u>	<u>Liability</u>	<u>(1)/(2)</u>	<u>(1)-(2)</u>	<u>Payroll</u>	(4)/(5)
2005	\$6,005,747	\$6,221,099	96.5%	\$ 215,352	\$ 988,763	22.0%
2004	5,745,179	5,823,615	98.7	78,436	959,072	8.0
2003	5,363,814	5,542,202	97.0	178,388	1,133,183	16.0
2002	4,998,826	5,328,712	94.0	329,886	1,159,074	28.0
2001	4,831,694	4,835,241	99.9	3,547	1,103,778	0.0
2000	4,501,512	4,458,454	101.0	(43,058)	1,074,740	0.0
1999	4,381,726	4,508,953	97.0	127,227	1,501,252	8.0
1998	3,790,967	4,003,818	95.0	212,851	1,423,312	15.0

2. Defined contribution plan:

During the year ended June 30, 2000, the Farmington Community Library began a defined contribution pension plan. All regular employees of the Library hired after July 15, 1999, and working 80 hours or more per month are eligible to participate in the plan. Employees hired before July 15, 1999 had a one-time option to remain with the MERS Defined Benefit Pension Plan, or to transfer their retirement accruals to the Defined Contribution Plan. The transfer occurred on March 29, 2000.

Defined contribution plan contributions:

The plan provides that the Library will contribute 5% of eligible employee's gross wages to the plan, and employees may contribute after-tax wages to the plan. The contributions are self-directed by the employees among several investment options. Contributions are fully vested at the time of the contribution. Employees may withdraw pension accruals upon termination from the Library. For the year ended June 30, 2006, employer contributions to the plan were \$49,236, and employee contributions to the plan were \$758.

3. Other Postemployment Benefits

The Library has elected to provide postemployment health benefits to certain retirees which were full-time employees. The Library pays a certain percentage of premium costs of coverage for these benefits. Currently, 7 retirees are eligible for postemployment health benefits. There were approximately \$68,000 in payments for postemployment health benefit premiums made during the year. The government obtains health care coverage through private insurers.

V. Other information – (continued)

B. Risk management

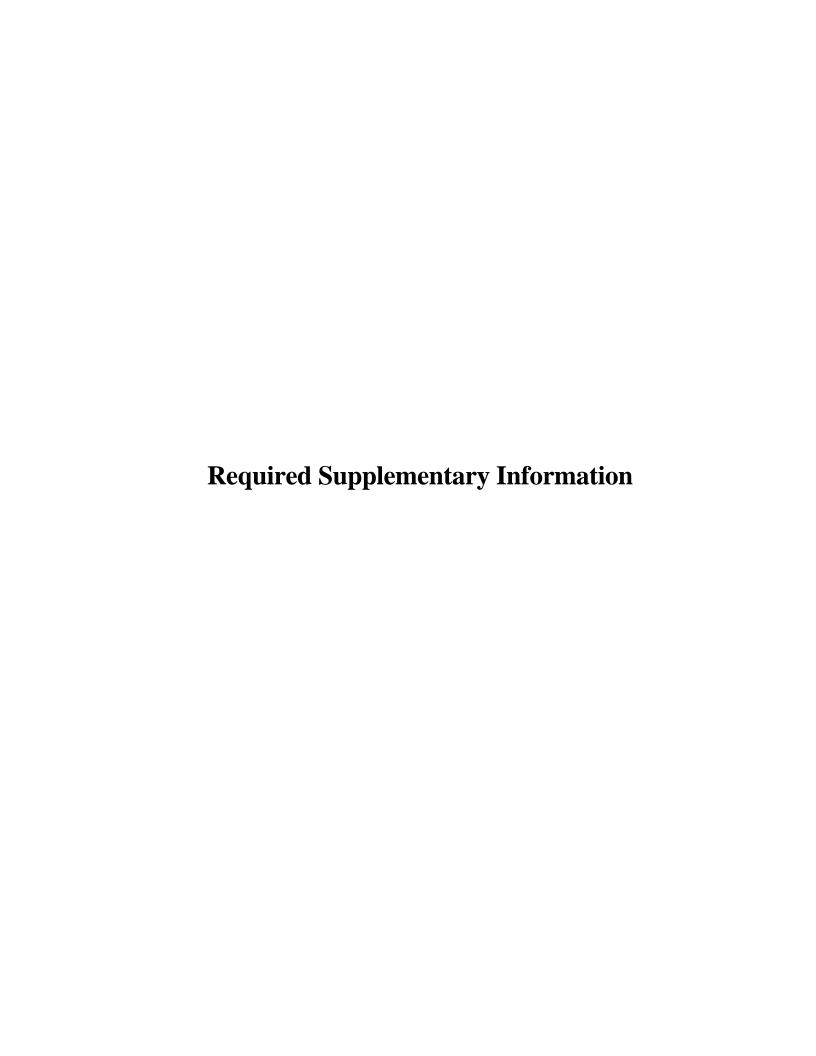
The Library is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries. The Library has purchased commercial insurance coverage for all claims. Settled claims for the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The Library maintains a self-insured plan for dental, optical, and hearing impairment medical claims. The Library reimburses each employee for 75% of claims up to a maximum of \$1,200 out of pocket expense less \$25 deductible per year. Total claims expense for the year ended June 30, 2006 amounted to \$18,770. Liability for unpaid claims was immaterial at June 30, 2006.

C. Joint venture – Metro Net

The Metro Net Library Consortium (the "Consortium" or "Metro Net") is a Michigan nonprofit corporation incorporated in January 1994, whose members are eight public libraries: Baldwin (Birmingham), Bloomfield Township, Canton, Farmington Community, Independence Township, Rochester Hills, Southfield, and West Bloomfield Township. The Consortium was founded to promote resource sharing by creating a flexible environment conducive to experimentation, technology innovations and progressive approaches to library service. For a fee, other libraries may join the Consortium as subscribers to the Metro Net services.

The Farmington Community Library is the principal office of Metro Net, with the Farmington Community Library director serving as the Consortium's fiscal agent and on the Consortium's Board of Directors. The financial activities of Metro Net are reported in the Fiduciary Agency Fund.

Total Metro Net assets held by the Library as fiscal agent at June 30, 2006 amounted to \$214,452. The Library's share of the net assets was \$15,746. Internal statements for the Metro Net are on file at the Library's main office.



Farmington Community Library General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Variance

Memorials and gifts 58,000 58,000 120,549 62, Interest and dividends 10,200 10,200 118,134 107, Grants 3,000 3,000 2,000 (1, Fines 123,000 120,000 123,196 3, Other 83,500 60,171 87,322 27, Total revenues 7,643,080 7,599,005 7,762,327 163, Expenditures: General government:	e ole) 762) 254 549 934 900) 196
Revenues: Final Actual (Unfavoral Unfavoral Unfavora	762) 254 549 934 900) 196
Property taxes \$ 7,157,380 \$ 7,157,380 \$ 7,120,618 \$ (36, 100,000) Intergovernmental revenues: 208,000 190,254 190,508 State of Michigan 208,000 58,000 120,549 62, 100,000 Interest and dividends 10,200 10,200 118,134 107, 100,000 Grants 3,000 3,000 2,000 (1, 100,000) Fines 123,000 120,000 123,196 3, 100,000 Other 83,500 60,171 87,322 27, 100,000 Total revenues 7,643,080 7,599,005 7,762,327 163, 100,000 Expenditures: General government:	254 549 934 900) 196
Intergovernmental revenues: State of Michigan 208,000 190,254 190,508 Memorials and gifts 58,000 58,000 120,549 62, Interest and dividends 10,200 10,200 118,134 107, Grants 3,000 3,000 2,000 (1, Fines 123,000 120,000 123,196 3, Other 83,500 60,171 87,322 27, Total revenues 7,643,080 7,599,005 7,762,327 163, Expenditures: General government:	254 549 934 900) 196
State of Michigan 208,000 190,254 190,508 Memorials and gifts 58,000 58,000 120,549 62, Interest and dividends 10,200 10,200 118,134 107, Grants 3,000 3,000 2,000 (1, Fines 123,000 120,000 123,196 3, Other 83,500 60,171 87,322 27, Total revenues 7,643,080 7,599,005 7,762,327 163, Expenditures: General government:	549 934 900) 196 151
Memorials and gifts 58,000 58,000 120,549 62, Interest and dividends 10,200 10,200 118,134 107, Grants 3,000 3,000 2,000 (1, Fines 123,000 120,000 123,196 3, Other 83,500 60,171 87,322 27, Total revenues 7,643,080 7,599,005 7,762,327 163, Expenditures: General government:	549 934 900) 196 151
Interest and dividends 10,200 10,200 118,134 107, Grants 3,000 3,000 2,000 (1, Fines 123,000 120,000 123,196 3, Other 83,500 60,171 87,322 27, Total revenues 7,643,080 7,599,005 7,762,327 163, Expenditures: General government:	934 900) 196 151
Grants 3,000 3,000 2,000 (1, 3, 100) Fines 123,000 120,000 123,196 3, 3, 3,000 Other 83,500 60,171 87,322 27, 3,000 Total revenues 7,643,080 7,599,005 7,762,327 163,000 Expenditures: General government:)00) 196 151
Fines 123,000 120,000 123,196 3, Other 83,500 60,171 87,322 27, Total revenues 7,643,080 7,599,005 7,762,327 163, Expenditures: General government:	196 151
Other 83,500 60,171 87,322 27, Total revenues 7,643,080 7,599,005 7,762,327 163, Expenditures: General government:	151
Total revenues 7,643,080 7,599,005 7,762,327 163, Expenditures: General government:	
Expenditures: General government:	322
General government:	
Salaries 2,469,537 2,469,537 2,384,228 85,	309
Fringe benefits 840,375 1,068,670 1,060,315 8,	355
Professional services 140,000 140,000 114,994 25,)06
Utilities 235,000 270,000 253,967 16,)33
Automation 49,400 49,400 48,803	597
Insurance 85,000 85,855 85,855	-
Repairs and maintenance 235,000 235,000 232,355 2,	545
Gift fund purchase 58,000 94,106 94,106	-
Grants 3,000 3,000 1,969 1,)31
Other 303,400 355,400 301,704 53,	596
Metro Net 40,000 40,000 37,983 2,)17
Capital outlay:	
Books, periodicals, and library materials 1,265,900 1,300,700 913,808 386,	392
Debt service:	
Principal and interest retirement 1,211,883 1,226,162 1,226,162	
Total expenditures 6,936,495 7,337,830 6,756,249 581,	581
Excess (deficiency) of	
revenues over expenditures 706,585 261,175 1,006,078 744,	903
Other financing sources (uses):	
Transfers in - 843,930 843,	930
Transfers out $(17,500)$ $(17,500)$ $(117,500)$ $(100,$	
Total other financing sources (uses) (17,500) (17,500) 726,430 743,	
<u> </u>	30
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and	
other sources over expenditures and other uses 689,085 243,675 1,732,508 1,488,	222
and other uses 689,085 243,675 1,732,508 1,488,)33
Fund balance - beginning of year 119,193 119,193 119,193	
Fund balance - end of year \$ 808,278 \$ 362,868 \$ 1,851,701 \$ 1,488,	

Combining Fund Statements and Fund Descriptions



Farmington Community Library, Michigan Non-Major Governmental Funds Summary Descriptions June 30, 2005

Special Revenue Funds

Employee Benefit Fund - This fund accounts for employee benefits financed by the General Fund.

<u>Capital Reserve Fund</u> - This fund accounts for monies specifically restricted for the purchase of certain property and equipment, accounted for as expenditures of the General Fund.

Farmington Community Library Combining Balance Sheet Non-major Governmental Funds June 30, 2006

	Special Revenue					
Assets	I	nployee Benefit Fund		Capital Reserve Fund		Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	22,143	\$	139,089	\$	161,232
Total assets	\$	22,143	\$	139,089	\$	161,232
Fund Balances						
Unreserved: Designated for capital improvements Designated for employee benefits	\$	22,143	\$	139,089	\$	139,089 22,143
Total fund balances	\$	22,143	\$	139,089	\$	161,232

Farmington Community Library Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Non-major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

		Special Revenue				
		Benefit R		Capital Reserve Fund		Total
Revenues:	d)	000	ф	1 (27	Ф	2.445
Interest	\$	808	\$	1,637	\$	2,445
Total revenues		808		1,637		2,445
Expenditures: General government: Fringe benefits		18,770		_		18,770
Total expenditures		18,770		-		18,770
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(17,962)		1,637		(16,325)
Other financing sources:						
Operating transfers in		17,500		100,000		117,500
Total other financing uses		17,500		100,000		117,500
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses		(462)		101,637		101,175
Fund balances - beginning of year		22,605		37,452		60,057
Fund balances - end of year	\$	22,143	\$	139,089	\$	161,232

Farmington Community Library Special Revenue Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Employee Benefit Fund							
	Bı	ıdget				Fa	ariance- vorable	
	Origina	l	Final		ctual	(Unfavorable)		
Revenues:								
Interest	\$ 23:	5 \$	235	\$	808	\$	573	
Total revenues	23:	5	235		808		573	
Expenditures:								
General government:								
Fringe benefits	17,50)	17,500		18,770	(1,270)		
Total expenditures	17,50)	17,500		18,770		(1,270)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	(17,26	5)	(17,265)	((17,962)		(697)	
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers in	17,50)	-		17,500		17,500	
Operating transfers out	-		-		-		-	
Transfer from component unit			-		-		_	
Total other sources (uses)	17,50)	-		17,500		17,500	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue and								
other sources over expenditures	23:	5	(17,265)		(462)		16,803	
Fund balance - beginning of year	22,60	5	22,605		22,605			
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 22,84) \$	5,340	\$	22,143	\$	16,803	

Capital Reserve Fund								Totals						
Budgeted Original Final		- Actual		Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)		Final Budget		Actual		Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)				
\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,637	\$	1,637	\$	235	\$	2,445	\$	2,210	
	-		-		1,637		1,637		235		2,445		2,210	
	-		-		-		-	17,500			18,770		(1,270)	
	-		-		-		-	17,500			18,770		(1,270)	
	-		-		1,637		1,637	(17,265)			(16,325)		940	
	- -		-		100,000		100,000		- -		117,500		117,500	
	-		-		-				-		-		-	
	-		-		100,000		100,000		-		117,500		117,500	
	-		-		101,637		101,637		(17,265)		101,175		118,440	
	37,452		37,452		37,452				60,057		60,057		-	
\$	37,452	\$	37,452	\$	139,089	\$	101,637	\$	42,792	\$	161,232	\$	118,440	